

REFEREE ACCREDITATION FRAMEWORK

2024

ABSTRACT

This Referee Accreditation Framework has been developed to articulate the system coming into effect from January 2023 and as a reference document for official in the system.

Volleyball Australia



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Preface

Officiating levels and the role of the referee has grown over the years through work of previous Volleyball Australia Referee's Committees. Through specific measures at major junior and senior events the number of refereeing opportunities has grown, especially within 'Indoor' volleyball. However, with an identified need to both introduce better methods/means for officials to develop and to provide a system to better cater for Beach Volleyball and Para Volleyball an updated framework for officiating was required.

In implementing an updated accreditation framework, Volleyball Australia is aiming to create contemporary and readily accessible resources to support referee development. Volleyball Australia acknowledges that officiating is one of the cornerstones of the volleyball participant's experience at all levels, creating an environment for enjoyment, safety, development, and performance.

This framework has been produced from Volleyball Australia's referee education and development program and represents a component of Volleyball Australia's commitment to the education and development of all Volleyball referees in Australia. It has been modified to provide the fundamentals in a clear and simple format as a starting point for new and early career referees. The material is designed to be a reference point for the referee. This framework represents a major change in the way that referee education and accreditation are represented in Volleyball Australia's whole of sport planning.

Volleyball Australia agrees and adopts FIVB's philosophy of refereeing:

"It is quite untrue that refereeing consists of no more than conducting a match by using the Rules of the Game as the basis for all the decisions, because refereeing cannot be the mechanical or automatic application of the Rules. Great competence is required. Such competence is acquired through individual, personal experience, by participation in volleyball events over the years, with the referee realizing that he/she is not an outsider but an integral part of the game. Therefore, he/she cannot carry out his/her tasks by just looking for faults in teams' and players' techniques or behavior and applying the corresponding sanction. This would be a very incorrect way of refereeing. On the contrary, he/she must be an expert and a friend, working for the game and with the players. Only if it is absolutely necessary, will he/she make a negative decision."

- FIVB Refereeing Guidelines and Instructions 2017.

Volleyball Australia recognises the valuable and tireless contribution that referees, line judges, scorers, and all officials play in the sport of Volleyball. We have taken into consideration how to best place a referee framework to ensure we continue to produce excellent referees at all levels and provide a clear and visible entry point for people just starting or wanting to continue along the referee pathway. As such, creating, maintaining, and conducting an effective education program supported by relevant and contemporary resources are essential to the future of the sport within Australia.

Volleyball Australia

^{*}Please note that the term officiating and refereeing are used in the same context throughout this document.

Volleyball

General Information

1.1 Volleyball Australia (VA)

Volleyball Australia Limited, established in 1963, is the peak body for the administration of the sport of volleyball in Australia. Volleyball Australia's primary strategic mission:

"To lead, partner and support the growth in participation, performance and profile of Volleyball in Australia."

The objects for which Volleyball Australia is established and maintained are to:

- conduct, encourage, promote, advance, standardise, control, and administer all forms of the sport of volleyball in and throughout Australia as a Interpersonal endeavour
- provide for the conduct, encouragement, promotion, and administration of the sport of volleyball through and by various Member States or other organisations for the mutual and collective benefit of the Members and the sport of volleyball
- act in good faith and loyalty to ensure the maintenance and enhancement of the Company and volleyball, its standards, quality, and reputation for the collective and mutual benefit of the Members and the sport of volleyball
- at all times operate with, and promote, mutual trust and confidence between the Company and the Members in pursuit of these objects
- at all times to act on behalf of, and in the interests of, the Members and the sport of volleyball
- promote the economic and sporting success, strength and stability of the Company and each Member State and to act interdependently with each Member State in pursuit of these objects

1.2 Affiliated Member States

Volleyball ACT
Volleyball New South Wales
Volleyball Northern Territory
Volleyball Queensland
Volleyball South Australia
Volleyball Tasmania
Volleyball Victoria
Volleyball Western Australia

Volleyball Australia through its State and Territory Associations aims to improve the standard of Volleyball, Beach Volleyball, and Para Volleyball officiating by providing a structured pathway for Volleyball official education and development. To help participants achieve the requirements for this, Volleyball Australia has designed this Referee Accreditation Framework.



1.3 Volleyball Australia Referee Committee (VARC)

The Volleyball Australia Referee Committee (VARC) is an authorised administration body of Volleyball Australia. Its role is to provide leadership and direction to Volleyball Australia's officials and programs through the following there (3) pillars

- Pathways
- Technical
- Education

The full outline of the VARC and associated Terms of Reference can be found on the Volleyball Australia website.

1.4 Copyright Information

The copyright on the design and content of this framework and associated courses lies solely with Volleyball Australia.

1.5 Provider Arrangements

Only Volleyball Australia and its associated and affiliated State and Territory bodies have permission to deliver the courses outlined in this framework.

All other bodies are required to make a written submission to affiliate State and Territory bodies before any such delivery could occur. All submissions will be entertained and assessed on the merit of their application.

1.6 Insurance

Volleyball Australia maintains a comprehensive insurance policy. This policy covers Public Liability (\$20 Million) and Professional Indemnity (\$5 Million) for all members, accredited officials, volunteers, coaches, staff and executives.

All participants must be registered members of their local State/Territory Volleyball Association prior to accreditation being granted to ensure adequate insurance cover. This membership must be maintained annually whilst the participant is still actively refereeing.

1.7 Access and Equality

To promote inclusion and equality, all Volleyball Australia courses will:

• Endeavour to provide flexibility in delivery and assessment tasks for all participants and ensure opportunity to complete the course requirements



1.8 Program Outline

Accreditation	Program Outline	Target Officiating Level	Accreditation Period	
Volleyball Australia Level 1 Referee Accreditation	4 hours online course workOnline Assessment Quiz	Junior Club and School competitions, Social Community Competitions, Athlete referees at AVSC, ABVSC, AYVC and AYBVC	2 years upon approval of VA Level 1 Referee Accreditation application	
Volleyball Australia Level 2 Associate Referee Accreditation	 ASC Community Officiating Essential Skills online course SIA- Safeguarding Children and Young People in Sport Induction online course PBTR- Harassment and Discrimination online course 4 hours face-to-face course work 	Senior Club, School Honours Level, State Divisional Competitions, State Beach Competitions	4 years upon completion of VA Level 2 Referee face- to-face course Or 4 years upon approval of VA Level 2 Associate Referee renewal application	
Volleyball Australia Level 2 State Referee Accreditation	 SIA- Safeguarding Children and Young People in Sport Induction online course PBTR- Harassment and Discrimination online course Complete 1 x practical assessment for 1st Referee, 2nd Referee and Scoresheet by a VA Level 3 Referee or attain a letter of Endorsement from a VA Level 3 Referee and your State Volleyball Association 	Nominated Referees at Aus Youth Champs, Referee Supervisors Aus Youth Beach Champs, Referee are Aus Junior Champs, AJBVT Referee, ABVT	Upon approval of L2 State application, remainder of the 4 years upon completion of VA Level 2 Referee face- to-face course Or 4 years upon approval of VA Level 2 State Referee renewal application	
Volleyball Australia Level 3 Volleyball Referee Accreditation	* Discipline Accreditation splits at this point (Volleyball or Beach Volleyball) Individual Application Process SIA- Safeguarding Children and Young People in Sport Induction online course	State Premier Competitions, National Premier Competitions, Referee Supervisor at VA Senior Events, Referees wanting to progress to AVC Status and eventually FIVB international status State Beach Opens,	4 years upon approval of application	
Volleyball Australia Level 3 Beach Volleyball Referee Accreditation	 PBTR- Harassment and Discrimination online course SIA- Competition Manipulation and Sports Betting online course Prepare an Individual Development Plan 	National Beach Events, Referee Supervisor at VA Events, Referees wanting to progress to AVC Status and eventually FIVB international status		



Volleyball Australia Level 4 Volleyball Referee Accreditation	 VARC Invitation to Apply Only Process SIA- Safeguarding Children and Young People in Sport Induction online course PBTR- Harassment and 	Referee Delegates at VA Events, Referees wanting to progress to AVC Status and eventually FIVB international status	4 years upon approval of	
Volleyball Australia Level 4 Beach Volleyball Referee Accreditation	 Discrimination online course SIA- Competition Manipulation and Sports Betting Prepare a mature individual development plan 	Referee Delegates at VA Beach Events, Referees wanting to progress to AVC Status and eventually FIVB international status	application	
AVC / FIVB Volleyball Referee Accreditation	 VARC Invitation Only Process Registration of activity for 3 of 5 years at AVC/FIVB Attend AVC/FIVB Course; complete theoretical and practical assessment; Attend identified AVC event and complete practical officiating requirement 	Continental and Zonal International Events	This is not a VA managed accreditation.	
AVC / FIVB Beach Volleyball Referee Accreditation	 officiating requirement. Nomination to International referee managed by AVC RC Progression to FIVB nominee lists managed by FIVB R&RC and AVC RC executive Nb: This is not a VA managed accreditation. 	Continental and Zonal International Beach Events	Accreditation currency is dependent on AVC and FIVB regulations	

1.9 Accreditation Process

Below is a step-by-step guide to the achieve a Volleyball Australia Referee Accreditation.

1. VA Level 1 Volleyball Referee (Volleyball / Beach Volleyball)

A referee is accredited as a Volleyball Australia Level 1 Referee when they successfully attain / complete the following requirements:

- a. The candidate must turn at least 12 years old during the year the accreditation starts
- b. Be a registered member of their State Volleyball Association
- c. Successfully complete the online Volleyball Australia Level 1 Referee course
- d. Complete the online application for accreditation via the VA Accreditation Portal for approval by the State Association

2. VA Level 2 Associate Volleyball Referee (Volleyball / Beach Volleyball)

A referee is accredited as a Volleyball Australia Level 2 Associate Referee when they successfully attain / complete the following requirements:

- a. The participant must turn at least 14 years old during the year the accreditation starts
- b. Complete the following pre-requisites before attending the VA Level 2 Refereeing Course.
 - 1. Must have a Volleyball Australia Level 1 Referee Accreditation
 - 2. Be a registered member of their State Volleyball Association
 - 3. SIA- Child Safeguarding in Sport Induction online course
 - 4. PBTR- Harassment and Discrimination online course
 - 5. Complete the ASC Community Officiating Essential Skills Course
- c. Attend a VA Level 2 face-to-face Referee course.



3. Level 2 State Volleyball Referee (Volleyball / Beach Volleyball)

- a. Be a registered member of their State Volleyball Association
- b. Must have a Volleyball Australia Level 2 Associate Referee Accreditation
- c. Complete 1 x practical assessments (1st Referee and 2nd Referee) or attain a letter of Endorsement from Level 3 Referee and your State Volleyball Association
- d. Complete/Update SIA- Child Safeguarding in Sport Induction online course
- e. Complete/Update PBTR- Harassment and Discrimination online course
- f. Complete the online application for accreditation via the VA Accreditation Portal for approval by the State Association

4. Level 3 Volleyball Referee or Level 3 Beach Volleyball Referee

The Level 3 accreditation is achieved through a nomination and application process. A referee can be nominated by their State Volleyball Association, Volleyball Australia's Referee Committee, or apply themselves. At Level 3 the accreditation process becomes discipline specific i.e. Volleyball or Beach Volleyball. Individuals can apply for accreditation to both disciplines if they have the necessary requirements listed below.

A referee is accredited as a Volleyball Australia Level 3 Volleyball Referee or Volleyball Australia Level 3 Beach Volleyball Referee when they successfully attain/complete the following requirements:

- a. The candidate must turn at least 16 years old during the year the accreditation starts
- b. Be a registered member of their State Volleyball Association
- c. The candidate must have a Volleyball Australia Level 2 State Referee Accreditation
- d. Complete/Update SIA- Child Safeguarding in Sport Induction online course
- e. Complete/Update PBTR- Harassment and Discrimination online course
- f. Complete/Update SIA- Competition Manipulation and Sports Betting course
- g. Attain letter of endorsement from their State Association
- h. Attain letters of endorsement from State and National Events as required
- i. Submit an "Individual Development Plan"
- e. Complete the online application for accreditation via the VA Accreditation Portal for approval by VA

5. Level 4 Volleyball Referee or Level 4 Beach Volleyball Referee

The Level 4 accreditation is achieved through a nomination process and application process. A referee can only be nominated by Volleyball Australia's Referee Committee and if they agree they complete an application. The Level 4, like Level 3, is discipline specific i.e. Volleyball or Beach Volleyball. Individuals can apply for accreditation to both disciplines if they have the necessary requirements listed below.

A referee is accredited as a Volleyball Australia Level 4 Volleyball Referee or Volleyball Australia Level 4 Beach Volleyball Referee when they successfully attain / complete the following requirements:

- a. The candidate must turn at least 18 years old during the year the accreditation starts
- b. Be a registered member of their State Volleyball Association
- c. The candidate must have a Volleyball Australia Level 3 Referee Accreditation
- d. Complete/Update SIA- Child Safeguarding in Sport Induction online course
- e. Complete/Update PBTR- Harassment and Discrimination online course
- f. Complete/Update SIA- Competition Manipulation and Sports Betting course
- g. Attain letter of endorsement from their State Association
- h. Attain letters of endorsement from State and National Events as required
- i. Submit a mature "Individual Development Plan"
- j. Complete the online application for accreditation via the VA Accreditation Portal for approval by VA



1.10 Philosophy of Accreditation Framework

VA's philosophy has been formulated in terms of 'technical', 'interpersonal', and 'conceptual' abilities.

a. Technical Ability

Technical ability in the context of officiating includes developing knowledge of the Rules of the Game (inc. Rules of the Game, Refereeing Guidelines and Casebook) and then applying that knowledge, taking into account other elements. This includes Volleyball Australia's Code of Conduct and the use of equipment and operating procedures related to the sport.

b. Interpersonal Ability

The ability of an official to work effectively as a member of a team and to make a concerted effort as part of the team. Officials should create an atmosphere of cooperation, which translates into a positive attitude towards players, coaches, and administrators. This attitude will be demonstrated through the way the individual sees themselves, the participants, and others active in their environment and in their subsequent conduct.

c. Conceptual Ability

The ability to see officiating as a whole and to recognize how its various functions are interdependent, also understand how changes in any one part will affect others. It is also the ability to appreciate the relationship of officiating with the sport, the refereeing committee, and the political, social, and economic aspects of Volleyball Australia as a whole. Comprehend the skills required to participate in the game to see the game best facilitated in the spirit of the competition and the respective skill levels of the participants.

An official who recognizes the relationships and sees the important elements in every situation should be a position to advance the general cause of officiating.

1.11 Presenter/ Assessor Qualification

Course name	Minimum Presenter Qualifications	Minimum Assessor Qualifications
Volleyball Australia Level 2 Referee Course	 Currently active as a Level 3 or 4 Referee Must be endorsed by State Volleyball Association 	 Preference, currently active as a Level 3 Referee Minimum, experienced and currently active as a Level 2 Referee for the past 4 years. Must be endorsed by State Association
Sport AUS / VA Presenter Course	 Sport AUS / VA Presenter Training qualification Must be endorsed by State Volleyball Association 	 Currently active as a Level 3 or 4 Referee Must be endorsed by State Volleyball Association



Policies and Procedures

2.1 Code of Behaviour

Volleyball Australia Referees are subject to the Volleyball Australia Member Protection Policy. They must comply with the requirements of the Volleyball Australia's Code of Conduct (as published on VA's website https://volleyball.org.au/integrity) in regard to their conduct during any activity held or sanctioned by Volleyball Australia, a Member State / Territory or a State / Territory Affiliate and in their role as an official appointed by Volleyball Australia, a Member State / Territory or a State / Territory Affiliate.

All participants are required to confirm agreement to the code of conduct as a member of Volleyball Australia and its member states and demonstrating a commitment in practice.

2.2 Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) / Recognition of Current Competencies (RCC)

Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) / Recognition of Current Competency (RCC) is the acknowledgment of skills and knowledge obtained through formal training, work experience and/ or life experience. The purpose of the RPL/RCC process is to identify and assess previously acquired skills and knowledge pertinent to the competencies of a particular level of accreditation, to enable applicants to either:

- a. Obtain accreditation for a particular accreditation program or
- b. Gain credit for a particular module(s) of an accreditation program

The RPL / RCC policies can be found in full at Appendix A.

Note: State / Territory associations are responsible for assessing RPL / RCC applications for L1 and L2 candidates. Volleyball Australia is responsible for assessing RPL / RCC applications for L3 and L4 candidates.

2.3 Records

Volleyball Australia is required to keep records of all accredited referees including name, gender, level of accreditation, nomination date, expiry date, date of birth, a physical address and an email address.

2.4 Accreditation Renewal

The entire Volleyball Australia Accreditation Renewal policy can be found at Appendix B and on the VA website.



Competency Statements and Learning Outcomes

3.1 Level 1 Referee Competency Statements

Upon successful completion of Volleyball Australia's Level 1 Referee Training Program the Referee will be able to:

Technical Ability

Prepare for a Game

- a. Identify, check and report risks
- b. Arrive on time and appropriately dressed
- c. Effectively prepare to officiate
- d. Effectively communicate with venue staff, captains, and coaches
- e. Discuss the responsibilities and duties performed by the event officials

Administer a game

- f. Effectively start a game
- g. Apply the basic rules, regulations, and processes during competition
- h. Utilise appropriate basic interpersonal communication skills when officiating
- i. Adopt styles of officiating to reflect the level of competition
- j. Effectively end a game
- k. Assess and ensure a safe competition environment in collaboration with competition managers

Interpersonal Ability

I. Demonstrate the values and ethical behaviour expected of VA officials

Conceptual Ability

- m. Seek feedback on their performance
- n. Reflect upon their performance with the view to improve their next performance

3.2 Level 2 State Referee Competency Statements

Upon successful completion of Volleyball Australia's Level 2 Referee Accreditation Program the referee will be able to:

Technical Ability

Prepare for a Game

- a. Identify, check and report risks
- b. Arrive on time and appropriately dressed
- c. Effectively prepare to officiate
- d. Effectively communicate with venue staff, captains, and coaches
- e. Discuss the responsibilities and duties performed by the event officials

Administer a Game

- f. Apply the rules, regulations, and processes during competition
- g. Utilise appropriate interpersonal communication skills when officiating



- h. Resolve disputes between athletes, coaches and officials relating to rules and competition procedures
- i. Manage Interpersonal and technical resources in an appropriate manner
- j. Adopt styles of officiating to reflect the level of competition
- k. Assess and ensure a safe competition environment

Interpersonal Ability

- m. Demonstrate the values and ethical behaviour expected of VA officials
- n. Demonstrate ability to self-assess, understanding impact of officiating errors.

Conceptual Ability

o. Reflect upon their performance with the view to improve their next performance

3.3 Level 3 Referee Competency Statements

Building upon abilities required of Level 1 and 2, at this level Candidates must demonstrate and provide evidence of their advanced technical, Interpersonal, and conceptual abilities in the following areas:

Technical ability

- a. Apply the rules of Volleyball (and the by-laws of competitions being officiated) to make consistent and accurate decisions on Volleyball competitions
- b. Apply the fundamental aim of officiating to ensure the spirit of the game at various levels of competition
- c. Resolve disputes between athletes, coaches and officials relating to rules and competition procedures
- d. Identify potential safety problems and implement procedures to alleviate these problems
- e. Apply basic legal and risk management principles when officiating.
- f. Officiate effectively at State and National level competitions

Interpersonal Ability

- f. Communicate effectively rules and competition procedures to athletes, coaches and other officials
- g. Collaborate effectively with the other technical officials in the game
- h. Developing positive communication skills with other participants in the sport. Eg Coaches, administrators, and players

Conceptual Ability

- i. Demonstrate personal organisational skills, such as punctuality, and identify the importance of the presentation of the game
- j. Effectively analyse and reflect upon their own officiating performances
- k. Developing the knowledge of the structures of officiating in Australia
- I. Developing match facilitation skills and attempting to apply these skills across a match and tournament



3.4 Level 4 Referee Competency Statements

Nominees must demonstrate and provide evidence of their exceptional technical, Interpersonal, and conceptual abilities in the following areas:

Technical Ability

- a. Application and interpretation of rules that reflects dealing with game situations in their global context; the spirit of the rule for the benefit of the match should prevail
- b. Perfect use of game mechanics showing excellent assimilation in all facets of the game, especially as a 1st and 2nd referee
- c. Identify potential safety problems and implement procedures to alleviate these problems
- d. Apply legal and risk management principles when officiating

Interpersonal Ability

- e. Individual authenticity always revealed by appropriate behaviour
- f. Respect for all people constituting the Interpersonal environment in which they perform
- g. Empathy toward co-workers in quest of an atmosphere of collaboration
- h. Mentoring of other officials though their development
- Demonstrated ability to negotiate and work collaboratively with competition staff and actively working to improve the experience of other participants at the event of competition.

Conceptual Ability

- j. A sound knowledge of the structures of officiating in Australia
- k. Use and knowledge of development programs as well as guides for clinicians
- I. Ability to assess and accept their own strengths and weaknesses in their performance
- m. Demonstrating match facilitation skills and applying these skills across a match and tournament

3.5 AVC and FIVB International Referees

Level 4 referees can progress to become AVC International Candidates and then AVC International Referees in Volleyball or Beach Volleyball. The AVC Referee Training Program is determined by AVC.

Quality Control

4.1 Training Program Quality Control

The following procedures are followed by Volleyball Australia to ensure quality control of the prescribed training programs.

- a. Ongoing update of presenter and assessor training
- b. Evaluation of courses and presenters by participants using course evaluation tools
- c. Random visits managed by Volleyball Australia to State/ Territory based courses to evaluate delivery of courses and presenters
- d. Data on numbers of participants completing and progressing through each level
- e. Input from relevant coach and official development stakeholders on an annual basis



4.2 Design and Review Responsibility

a. The VARC provides technical advice in all matters pertaining to the training of officials in Volleyball and Beach Volleyball within Australia.

4.3 Complaints Handling Procedures

Participants with grievances regarding the conduct of the Officiating training programs or seeking to appeal their assessment process are required to submit them in writing to Volleyball Australia. Written submission must arrive within 14 days of the completion of the training program or on receipt of the notification of their assessment outcome.

All grievances and appeals will be considered by Volleyball Australia who will inform the candidate of the outcome of its deliberations within 14 days of receiving the written grievance or appeal.

Further grievances and appeals will be referred to the Volleyball Australia Referee Committee, with all relevant information, for consideration and decision. After which no further submissions will be received.

4.4 Training Program Evaluation and Review Process

Assessors are required to prepare a report and submit to their relevant State Volleyball Association following the assessment of each participant.

Records will be kept and analysed on the numbers of participants nominating for and completing the course.

The Volleyball Australia may contact a randomly selected number of candidates for further feedback from each Training Program.

This process is intended to provide an impartial review of the training program as well as allow candidates to provide additional feedback upon reflection of the training program experience.





Volleyball Australia Recognition of Prior Learning / Recognition of Current Competency Policy

What is Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) / Recognition of Current Competency (RCC)? RPL/RCC is the acknowledgment of skills and knowledge obtained through formal training, work experience and/ or life experience. The purpose of the RPL/RCC process is to identify and assess previously acquired skills and knowledge pertinent to the competencies of a particular level of accreditation, to enable applicants to either:

- a. Obtain accreditation for a particular accreditation program or
- b. Gain credit for a particular module(s) of an accreditation program

How can prior learning be recognised?

Coaches and officials applying for RPL/RCC will be assessed on the evidence and information provided. The onus is on the applicant to demonstrate their skills and knowledge underpinning the module or training program being applied for.

RPL/RCC applications at some levels may require a practical evaluation of the practical demonstration competencies, these are identified further below and on the relevant application form.

This evidence is assessed by Volleyball Australia and its affiliated States / Territories, ensuring satisfaction of all elements in the performance criteria for a particular competency, module or training program. If it is deemed there is sufficient information proving an applicant's competency, the applicant will be exempt from part or the entire training program. If the information is not sufficient, applicants will be required to attend/ complete these specific components of the training program.

Who can apply?

Applicants can apply for RPL / RCC if they think that their prior learning and experience enables them to provide evidence to show that they are already competent in the competencies of a particular training program or module.

Please note, there is no RPL / RCC process for Level 1. Applicants must complete the Level 1 accreditation program.

Benefits of RPL / RCC:

- a. Can often 'speed up' the process of becoming an accredited coach or referee
- b. Avoids the problem of participants having to unnecessarily repeat learning experiences
- c. Encourages the development of various assessment procedures
- d. Assesses the candidates' current competency in comparison to the stated standards of competence required
- e. The RPL/RCC process can clarify which relevant skills the participant does and does not possess, so that the learning program can be tailored accordingly

Who assesses and approves RPL / RCC applications?

Level 1 and 2 applications are dealt with by the State Association. Level 3 and 4 applications are dealt with by Volleyball Australia in liaison with the State Association.



How do I apply?

Step 1 – Obtain competency statements specific to program

Applicants will need to obtain and review a copy of the competency statements relevant to the module(s) or training program they are applying. Competency statements for each program are posted on the individual program pages.

Applicants will need to consider if and how they have achieved the competencies and if they can satisfy the performance criteria by submitting valid, sufficient, authentic and current evidence.

Step 2 - Complete RPL/RCC application form

Applicants will need to complete the RPL/RCC application through the Volleyball Australia Education Portal and make the relevant payment.

Step 3 – Practical Assessment

Some applicants may need to be assessed on practical competencies. This will be decided on a case by case basis.

Step 4 - Review of Application

The evidence provided by the applicant will be compared with the required competencies. A judgement will be made about whether the applicant wholly or partially meets the competencies. The evidence submitted must conform to the following RPL/RCC principles:

- a. Validity (is the evidence relevant?)
- b. Sufficiency (is there enough evidence?)
- c. Authenticity (is the evidence a true reflection of the candidate?)
- d. Currency (is the evidence recent obtained within 4 years?)

In the event of partial completion of the competencies, the applicant will receive an outline of which competencies still need to be achieved, and what evidence is required

Options may include:

- e. Supply further supporting documentation or information
- f. Complete individual modules of the appropriate coaching/referee accreditation program
- g. Work with an assessor to obtain the required competencies before reapplying.

Step 5 - Notification

Volleyball Australia/ State and Territory Association will notify the applicant of the decision within one month of receiving the application.

Step 6 – Appeal

Participants wishing to appeal an assessment decision, if they believe the decision is unfair, unjust or if the information provided has been misinterpreted, must submit their case in writing to Volleyball Australia, within 14 days of receiving notification of the assessment decision.

The appeal shall be in writing and should set out grounds of appeal upon which the aggrieved participant is appealing.

Applicants will need to pay an administration fee applicable to the level of accreditation. This fee will be refunded, should the appeal be upheld.

- a. Level 2 \$50.00
- b. Level 3 and Level 4 \$100.00



Following receipt and consideration by the program provider of:

- a. The grounds of appeal and
- b. All other information which the program provider considers relevant and which is available

The program provider shall arrive at a finding regarding the applicant's appeal. Volleyball Australia will be consulted where necessary to provide guidance. The participant lodging the appeal will be informed of the process used to consider the grievance and the outcome of the deliberations within 30 days of receiving the appeal.

In the case of an appeal being upheld, a Volleyball Australia approved assessor will be appointed to re-assess the candidate application, of whom has not assessed the candidate previously. This is the final avenue of appeal decision.

How to show evidence of competencies:

There are many ways that applicants can show evidence of the competencies they hold, however applicants must ensure that their skills and experiences are directly linked with the competencies within the accreditation requirements. The onus is on the applicant to complete the 'Competency Checklist' and to provide 'specific details/ examples' of how they have achieved each competency within the module(s) in which they are applying. Statements of positions or roles applicants have held will <u>not</u> be sufficient.

RPL/RCC can only be granted on current evidence, that is, work that has been completed within the last four years. Following are a few examples of the ways evidence can be provided to demonstrate competencies.

Education and training

- a. Formal and accredited training competencies achieved
- b. Copies of certificates, qualifications achieved from other courses, school or tertiary results
- c. Statements outlining courses and or study that was undertaken and the <u>learning outcomes/</u> <u>competencies achieved from these</u>

Work related experience

- a. Job description of positions held in sport and recreation
- b. Resume of work experience which may include reports from people within the sport
- c. Copies of any statements, references or articles about the employment or community involvement
- d. Relevant work samples such as assessment tools developed and implemented
- e. Reports on opportunities undertaken, which could include evaluations from courses conducted

Life experiences

- a. Sport and recreation involvement
- b. Relevant work or other experiences
- c. Evidence of home / self-directed study which may include a list of recent readings, synopsis of seminars attended, reports of own research / analysis undertaken. Please remember, the above are only examples. Applicants should provide all the documentation that they can which clearly shows evidence of the competencies held.

Appendix B - VA Accreditation Renewal Policy

Volleyball Australia Accreditation Renewal Policy

1. Who is covered in the VA Accreditation Renewal Policy?

This policy applies to Volleyball Australia' Referee Accreditation Framework.

2. What is renewal?

Renewal is the process to extend the validity period of an accreditation for coaches and officials. The renewal policy requires Volleyball Australia (VA) coaches and officials to demonstrate a current competency of knowledge and skills.

3. When does the renewal process start?

When a coach / official receives their VA accreditation, they may begin claiming their updating activities for renewal.

4. What happens if the accreditation is not renewed?

Coaches / officials who do not complete the renewal requirements within the accreditation period will be removed from the Volleyball Australia Active Coach / Official Register. Please note you may be ineligible to coach or officiate at various Volleyball Australia or State / Territory Volleyball Association programs or events.

5. What if the accreditation has expired?

If the accreditation has expired, individuals are required to re-do the accreditation program or apply for Recognition of Prior Learning / Recognition of Current Competency (RPL/RCC). Special leave considerations (such as maternity leave, leave related to employment, etc.) are available and should be discussed with your State / Territory Volleyball Association.

Successful RPL/RCC application accreditations start from the date they are approved and are not backdated.

6. How do I renew my accreditation?

- Step 1. Complete the relevant renewal requirements for your level of accreditation (see attached Referee Accreditation Renewal Requirements).
- Step 2. Provide evidence of completion to your State / Territory Volleyball Association.
- Step 3. Pay the required accreditation renewal fee.

Appendix C - VA Referee Accreditation Renewal Requirements

Volleyball Australia Referee Accreditation Renewal Requirements

1. Referee Accreditation Renewal Requirement Summary

Level 1	Level 2 Associate	Level 2 State	Level 3	Level 4
Be a current member	Be a current member	Be a current member	Be a current member	Be a current member
of your relevant State	of your relevant State	of your relevant State	of your relevant State	of your relevant State
/ Territory Association	/ Territory Association	/ Territory Association	/ Territory Association	/ Territory Association
	Accumulate 80 Continuous Development Credit (CDC) points of renewal activities Or	Accumulate 80 Continuous Development Credit (CDC) points of renewal activities Or	Accumulate 100 Continuous Development Credit (CDC) points of renewal activities Or	Accumulate 100 Continuous Development Credit (CDC) points of renewal activities
Re-do Level 1	Re-do Level 2			
accreditation	Associate			
	accreditation			
Or				
	Or			
Attain Level 2 Associate	Attain Level 2 State	Attain Level 3	Attain Level 4	

2. Renewal Activities

2.1 Practical Officiating

Practical Officiating can be undertaken with any level of competition, from school/club level through to national/international level and may occur on a regular basis (daily, weekly, monthly) or one-off event.

The following activities will accumulate the stated CDC points:

- a. Referee Delegate at VA Event 25 CDC points
- b. Referee Supervisor at VA Event **20 CDC** points
- c. Referee Delegate at SSO Event 20 CDC point
- d. First Referee 5 CDC points
- e. Second Referee 5 CDC points
- f. Line Judge 5 CDC points
- g. Scorer 5 CDC points

For Level 3 and 4 Referees, 25 CDC points must be claimed from Volleyball Australia National Level Events (e.g. AVL, AOVC, ABVT, AJVC, AJBVC) or International Level Events (OZVA, AVC, FIVB).



2.2 Officials Education

The following activities will accumulate **20 CDC** points:

- a. Lecture/present at an officiating course or seminar
- b. Write and/or publish an article on officiating endorsed by State Association or VA

2.3 Self-Education

The following activities will accumulate **20 CDC** points:

- a. Attend an officiating seminar/course (2 days or more duration) by State Association or VA
- b. Complete a sport related tertiary education course e.g. PE/Human Movement
- c. Complete a recognised first aid or sports trainer course

The following activities will accumulate 10 CDC points:

- d. Attend an officiating seminar/course (1 day or less duration) by State Association or VA
- e. Attend any other relevant seminar/course to officiating

The following activities will accumulate **5 CDC** points:

- a. Complete a Play by The Rules online course
- b. Complete a Sports Integrity Australia online course

3. Rules for Claiming Activities

Category hours

- a. Level 2 Associate / State 80 CDC Points
- b. Level 3 100 CDC Points
- c. Level 4 100 CDC Points

All quantities are the minimum number CDC points that must be completed at each level to maintain a current accreditation. A maximum of 50 CDC points of the required for each level may be claimed through Practical Officiating. The balance of the CDC Points can be accrued through Officials Education and Self-education.

4. Endorsement of Renewal Activities that can be used to accumulate CDC points.

Renewal Activities must be endorsed by the affiliated State Association or VA.

5. Verification

All activities must be verified in the VA Referee Accreditation Renewal Form by an authorised person. Authorised persons include State / Territory and/or regional refereeing directors or committees, referees with a higher level of accreditation, competition managers and coordinators of courses attended.

6. Time to claim

All renewal activities cannot be completed in one year. They should ideally be spread over the accreditation period. 25 CDC points must be accumulated in final year of the current accreditation period.



Appendix D - VA Referee Assessment Form for Level 2 Accreditation

Referee Assessment Form (For Level 2 Volleyball / Beach Volleyball Referee Candidates)

Referee			Assessor	
Date	Appointment	Event	Division	Teams
	1 st 2 nd LJ Sc C			
		1. REFEREEING TE	CHNIQUES AND MI	ECHANICS (15%)
ORGANISATION: Game preparation protocol, punctua				
DECISION MAKIN Whistle, collect in	G: formation, timing			
TEAMWORK with	1 st / 2nd referee			
TEAMWORK with judges	scorers / line			
HAND SIGNALS ar	nd use of whistles			
	2. KNO	WLEDGE, INTERPRE	TATION, APPLICAT	ION OF THE RULES (45%)
BALL CONTACT CO Adequate level, C Consistency, First Contact, Thjrd Co	onformity and Contact, Second			
PLAY AT THE NET: Crossing Space, Interference, Net Touch, Attack-Hit & Block				
OTHER ACTIONS & SITUATIONS: Service, Service Order, Screen, 4 Hits				
HANDLING OF UNUSUAL SITUATIONS: Protest Protocol, Medical				
ATTENTION TO D	ETAILS		_	



	3. INTERACTION WITH THE TEAMS (20%)			
DISCIPLINE: Prevention, Minor Misconducts, Sanctions				
IMPROPER REQUEST AND DELAYS Management and Process				
GENERAL DEALING WITH THE TEAMS				
	4. MATCH MANAGEMENT AND PERSONALITY (20%)			
PRESENTATION: Appearance, Behaviour, Concentration, Body Language				
LEADERSHIP: Sovereignty, Mental Strength, Consistency Fairness, Acceptance, Empathy				
EMOTIONAL COMPETENCE: Feeling for the Match, Communication, Conflict Management, Credibility				
OVERALL PERFORMANCE IN RELATION TO MATCH DIFFICULTY				
	5. ANY OTHER FEEDBACK			
Any other feedback				
6. COMPETENCY FOR LEVEL 2 UPGRADE Competent or Not Yet Competent (Re-assessment required)				
Must be assessed 'Competent' in all criteria to achieve 'Competency' for upgrade.				



Appendix E - Referee Competency Framework

Referee Competency Framework

INTERPERSONAL ABILITY

CONCEPTUAL ABILITY

TECHNICAL ABILITY

	Refereeing Techniques and Mechanics					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4		
1. Organisation: Game preparation, playing protocol, punctuality, score	Game preparation as expected for the competition	Game preparation as expected for the competition	Game preparation is very good and appropriate for the competition	Game preparation is excellent and appropriate for the competition		
sheet	Playing protocol as expected for the competition	Playing protocol as expected for the competition	Pre-match duties are understood	Pre-match duties are well understood		
	Should arrive in adequate time to perform all duties required for the match	Should arrive in adequate time to perform all duties required for the match	Playing protocol is known and understood for the competition and is generally one of the international protocols	Playing protocol is known and understood for the competition and is generally one of the international protocols		
	Game completion as expected for the competition.	Should perform all duties required for after game protocols e.g. captains to sign, check scoresheet, etc.	Is present in adequate time to perform all duties required for the match	Is present at least 45 minutes prior to perform all duties required for the match		
	Should check the scoresheet	Should check and correct any errors on scoresheet as 1st referee	Performs all duties required with after game protocols e.g. captains to sign, check scoresheet etc.	Performs all duties required with after game protocols e.g. captains to sign, check scoresheet etc.		
			Manages scoresheet	Takes complete responsibility for the scoresheet		



		Refereeing Techniques and M	Mechanics	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
2. Decision making as 1 st referee: Whistle - collect	May sometimes call late.May often blow the whistle late.	Should blow the whistle as soon as a fault is committed most of the time.	Must blow the whistle as soon as a fault is committed.	Must blow the whistle as soon as a fault is committed.
information - timing		Determines and applies a rule	Determines and applies correct rule	Always determines and applies correct rule.
	May not show separate signal/whistle/fault.	Signals should follow in a confident manner.	Signals should follow in a confident manner	Signals follow in a confident manner.
			Should check other officials when needed most of the time	 Checks other officials when needed Must have very good player relationships to support game management
3. Attention to Net and Centreline as 2nd referee: Optical position to	Sometimes able to get a good optical position for net touches	Will generally move to get best optical position for net touches and sometimes for centreline violations.	Will almost always move to the best optical position for net, crossing space and centreline violations.	Will always move to the best optical position for net, crossing space and centreline violations.
judge		Will sometimes watch the net from the correct side as second referee	Will always watch the net from the correct side as second referee	Will always watch the net from the correct side as second referee
4. Team work with 2 nd referee	Sometimes looks to second referee for assistance in making a call	Works well with second referee for about half the time	Works well with second referee on most occasions	Consistently works well with second referee



Refereeing Techniques and Mechanics					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	
5. Team work with 1st referee	Sometimes looks to first referee for assistance	Works well with first referee for about half the time	Works well with first referee on most occasions	Consistently works well with first referee	
6. Team work with line judges	Sometimes looks to line judges for assistance in making a call	Works well with line judges for about half the time.	Works well with line judges on most occasions	Consistently works well with line judges	
7. Hand signals and use of	May often blow whistle late	May blow whistle late	Use of whistle is always correct	Use of whistle is always correct	
whistle	Should always blow whistle at the end of a rally	Use of whistle is generally correct	Signals must always be correct	Signals must always be correct	
	May sometimes try to do all signals at the same time.	Signals should always be correct		Movements are fluid and timing is consistent	
	May sometimes signal the wrong way around.				
	May sometimes give incorrect signal e.g. ball down instead of four hits with the ball out of the net				
8. Position, Activity, Coordination of	Stands to one side of the pole	Stands to one side of the pole	Must start on the correct side for service	Always in the correct position for all actions and has fluidity of movement	
Movement as 2 nd referee	Sometimes calls timeouts and substitutions but may not be in the correct position	May sometimes move during rally	Will almost always be in the correct position during other actions	High awareness of position in relation to the ball and players in play	



Refereeing Techniques and Mechanics				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
		Starts on the correct side for service most of the time	Calls timeouts and substitutions as required and is generally in the correct position	
		Calls timeouts and substitutions most of the time but may not be in the correct position	 Fluid in movement most of the time Some awareness of position in relation to the ball and players in play 	



	Kn	owledge, Interpretation, Applica	tion of the Rules	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
9. Ball Contact Control as 1st referee: Adequate level, Conformity and	Should call obvious catch, throws and two hits on first hit of team	Should call obvious catch, throws and two hits on first hit of team	Must differentiate clearly between catch, throws and hard driven ball most of the time	Must differentiate clearly between catch, throws and hard driven ball
consistency, first hit, second hit	Should call obvious two hits and catches on second and third hit of team	Should call technical breaches on second and third hit correctly especially at higher level games.	Must call technical breaches on second and third hit correctly and exhibit a good level of consistency with calls	Must call technical breaches on second and third hit correctly and exhibit a high level of consistency with calls
		Should be consistent with calls		
	Should call obvious double contacts	Should call most double contacts	Must call outcome correctly in most cases of double contact, simultaneous contact, assisted hits, touches by players and ball contact with the floor or outside objects	Must call outcome correctly in all cases of double contact, simultaneous contact, assisted hits, touches by players and ball contact with the floor or outside objects
	May not realise that an assisted hit has occurred. Sometimes makes correct decision	Should understand and call simultaneous contact correctly	Should mostly be correct for a hard driven ball	Correctly calls a hard driven ball



	Knowledge, Interpretation, Application of the Rules				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	
	Should call obvious cases where the ball is touched or hit by the block or other players	Should call obvious assisted hits			
	Should call obvious cases of the ball contacting the floor/sand, outside object	 Should be correct almost all the time where the ball is touched or hit by the block or other players. Should be correct almost all the time where the ball contacts the floor/sand, outside object. Should understand and call a hard driven ball 			
10. Play at the Net as 1st referee: Crossing space, Reaching, Penetration under the net, Net touch, Attack-hit & Block	 Should call obvious cases of the ball not passing correctly through the crossing space Should call obvious net touches. Should call obvious attack-hit control breaches. 	 Should be correct almost all the time when the ball does not pass correctly through the crossing space Should call most obvious cases of reaching beyond the net correctly Almost all net touch calls should be correct. 	 Must be correct almost all the time when the ball does not pass correctly through the crossing space Should be correct in almost all cases of reaching the net Almost all net touch calls should be correct 	 Must be correct all the time when the ball does not pass through the crossing space Must be correct in all cases of reaching beyond the net All net touch calls are correct 	



	Kn	owledge, Interpretation, Applica	tion of the Rules	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
	 Should call obvious block control breaches Should call obvious illegal back court blocks 	Should recognise most illegal attack hits, blocking breaches and illegal back court attacks	 Must call technical breaches illegal attack hits, blocking breaches & illegal back court attacks correctly and exhibit a good level of consistency with calls 	Must call technical breaches - illegal attack hits, blocking breaches & illegal back court attacks - correctly and exhibit a high level of consistency with calls
11. Net Actions as 2 nd referee: Crossing space, Centreline, Net touch, Attack-hit & block control	Should call obvious cases of penetration under the net correctly. Positioning may require support and direction	Should call most cases of penetration under the net	Should have a very good interpretation and call most cases of crossing space, centreline, net touch, illegal attack hit, blocking breach and illegal back court block breaches	Must be able to call all crossing space, centreline, net touch, illegal attack hit, blocking breach and illegal back court block cases and have a very good understanding and interpretation of the rules
	Should call obvious net touches	 Almost all net touch calls should be correct May recognise obvious crossing space breaches Should recognise most illegal attack hits, blocking breaches and illegal back court attacks 		



	Kno	owledge, Interpretation, Applica	tion of the Rules	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
12. Other Actions and situations:	Should pick up obvious foot on/under line for service execution.	Should call all service execution faults	Must call all service execution faults	Must call all service execution faults
Service, rotation, screen, 4 hits, position faults (also libero), ball contact with outside object			Must call if over 5 seconds for beach or 8 seconds for indoor	 Must call if over 5 seconds for beach or 8 seconds for indoor.
with outstace object	Should call delay in service if over 5 seconds for beach and 8 seconds for indoor	Should call delay in service if over 5 seconds for beach or 8 seconds for indoor	Must call screens that block the server and flight of the ball in service	Must be able to demonstrate strong game management skills to ensure that delays are minimised
			Must monitor players appropriately to pre-empt any issues	 Must call screens that block the server and flight of the ball in service
	Should call rotational faults as directed by the scorer	Should pick up obvious positional fault cases	Must pick up all non- complicated positional fault cases and should pick most where a complicated pattern is employed	Must monitor players continuously to pre-empt any issues and minimise delays
			Must demonstrate a good ability to monitor potential rotational faults and call as directed by the scorer	Must pick up all positional fault cases
	Should call obvious cases of 4 hits	Should call rotational faults as directed by scorer	Must be correct in almost all cases especially near the net	Must demonstrate a strong ability to manage the potential rotational faults and call as directed by the scorer to minimise delays



	Kn	owledge, Interpretation, Applica	tion of the Rules	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
			Should make few errors concerning the libero playing actions	Must be correct in almost all cases especially near the net
		Should call 4 hits in almost all cases especially near the net		Correctly makes all calls concerning the libero playing actions.
		Should be generally in control of libero play if one libero. May need guidance if two liberos		As second referee should be aware of and sanction appropriately, illegal libero exchanges. Must work well with the assistant scorer
13. Handling of unusual situations as 1st referee	• n/a	Should not call minor technical breaches in extraordinary situations	Must not call minor technical breaches and exhibit a good level of consistency with calls	Must not call minor technical breaches and exhibits a high level of consistency with calls
			Takes into account necessary information before making a decision	Takes into account necessary information before making a decision and does so in a timely fashion
			Able to explain decision making process to teams on most occasions	Able to explain decision making process to teams
14. Handling of Game Interruptions as 2 nd referee:	Calls timeouts and substitutions	Calls timeouts and substitutions correctly most of the time	Always calls timeouts, TTOs and substitutions correctly	Always calls timeouts, TTOs and substitutions correctly



	Kn	owledge, Interpretation, Applica	tion of the Rules	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
TO, TTO, substitutions	Generally time timeout correctly	Always times timeout correctly	Always times timeout and TTO correctly	Always times timeout and TTO correctly
	May not always be in correct position for substitution	Should always be in the correct position for substitution	Works well with scorer and first referee most of the time	Works well with scorer and first referee all the time
		Works well with scorer some of the time	 Must always be in the correct position. 	Must always be in the correct position.
		Always times the time between sets correctly.	 Must work well with scorer. Should control multiple substitutions. 	Must work well with scorer. Should control multiple substitutions.
		May need guidance on injury and external interference	 Should anticipate most substitutions through regular checking Almost always applies 	 Should anticipate most substitutions through regular checking Always applies injury and
			injury and external interference correctly	external interference correctly
15. Handling of Unusual situations as 2 nd referee	• n/a	Supports decision of the first referee	Mostly able to work well with teams to minimise escalations	Able to work well with teams to minimise escalations
			 Supports the decisions of the first referee that may not be covered by rules and guidelines 	Proactively supports the decisions of the first referee that may not be covered by rules and guidelines



	Knowledge, Interpretation, Application of the Rules				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	
16. Attention to	• n/a	May miss a few details in	Must have a considerable	Must have a high degree of	
details		relation to the gameMay not always be aware of the environment	degree of focus on all detailed aspects of the game and environments	focus on all detailed aspects of the game and environments	



		Interaction with Te	ams	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
17. Discipline as 1st referee: Minor misconducts, prevention, sanctions	• n/a	Simple game management skills are applied	Should exhibit good game management skills to reduce opportunity for sanctions	Exhibits excellent game management skills by proactively acting to reduce the opportunity for sanctions
		 Warnings and sanctions are generally applied appropriately 	Warnings and sanctions are applied appropriately.	Warnings and sanctions are applied appropriately
18. Improper requests and delays as 1 st referee	• n/a	Should reject most improper requests.	Should reject all improper requests.	Must reject improper requests.
		 Should apply delay sanctions where appropriate 	Should use delay sanctions where appropriate	Must use delay sanctions where appropriate.
				Must exhibit excellent game management skills to reduce opportunity for delay
19. Control of Team Benches and Warming Up Areas as 2 nd referee	• n/a	Should understand the rules and control the team bench and warmup area some of the time	Should understand the rules and check the team bench and warmup areas and control appropriately on most occasions	Should understand the intent of the rules and consistently check the team bench and warmup areas and control both appropriately within keeping of the environment



	Interaction with Teams				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	
20. General dealing with the teams as 1 st referee	• n/a	Works well with the teams some of the time but not always aware of when and how to deal with the teams	Works well with teams most of the time. Generally aware of when and how to deal with the teams	Works well with teams all the time. Knows when and how to deal with the teams to maintain control and confidence	
21. Contact to the Teams and Conflict	• n/a	Works well with teams some of the time	Works well with teams most of the time	Works well with teams all the time.	
Prevention as 2 nd referee		Some awareness as information that teams need to minimise the chance of emotional outbursts. Sometimes reactive	Aware of, and provides information that teams need to minimise the chance of emotional outbursts. Rarely reactive	Proactive in understanding and providing what teams need to minimise the chance of emotional outbursts.	

		Match Management and P	ersonality	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
22. Presentation: Appearance, behaviour, concentration, body language	Should present a positive image before, during, and after the game	Should present a positive image before, during, and after the game	Presents a positive image before, during, and after the game	Presents a positive image before, during, and after the game
	• Should present appropriately for the competition	Should present appropriately for the competition	Should present as required for the competition	Must present as required for the competition
	May have lapses of concentration	Aware of appropriate behaviour as an official	Behaviour as an official is professional on most occasions	Behaviour as an official is always professional
	No awareness of body language	Some lapses of concentration	Very good levels of concentration	High levels of concentration and has techniques to maintain concentration
		Some awareness of body language	Awareness of body language and maintains positive body language most of the time	Able to maintain positive body language throughout
23. Leadership: Sovereignty, mental strength, consistency, fairness, acceptance	• n/a	Should be fair and consistent in actions	Fair and consistent in actions	Able to demonstrate natural leadership through consistency and fairness
		May need support with difficult situations	Able to maintain control in most circumstances	Able to maintain control and minimise escalation in difficult situations



	Match Management and Personality				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	
24. Emotional competence: Feeling for the match,	May be indecisive particularly in more difficult situations	Should generally be decisive. May be indecisive when something odd or	Viewed as credible on most occasions by the team	Strong credibility with the teams	
communication, conflict management, credibility		unexpected happens	Must be decisive in almost all cases associated with their own duties	Must be decisive in all cases associated with their own duties	
		Should not be influenced by external pressure	Has very good player management skills	Has excellent player management skills	
			Must not be influenced by external pressure	 Must not be influenced by external pressure and must be able to deal with player behaviour appropriately 	
	May be influenced by external pressure	Communicates with teams and other officials some of the time	Good communication with teams and other officials	• Excellent communication with the teams and other officials.	
			 Uses the language of the rule book on most occasions to communicate efficiently most of the time 	Able to use the language of the rule book and communicate efficiently with teams	
		Communication usually efficient	Able to work with teams to minimise conflict on most occasions.	Able to work with the teams to minimise conflict	
			Able to manage conflict when it arises on most occasions	Manages conflict when it arises appropriately	
25. Overall Performance in Relation to Match Difficulty					

